WELCOME Addiction Medicine ECHO Clinic

The session will begin promptly at <u>12 pm</u>.



Please <u>mute</u> the audio on your device.



Sessions take place <u>Thursday on the 2^{cd}</u> <u>and 4th week of the</u> month.



Please connect your <u>camera</u>.

Need technical assistance? Call 907.729.2622 or text your phone number into the chat.







Foundation *for* Opioid Response Efforts

Recording

We will record the **didactic portion** of every session. After the session, the didactic portion of this clinic will be available on the ANTHC Addiction Medicine ECHO page.

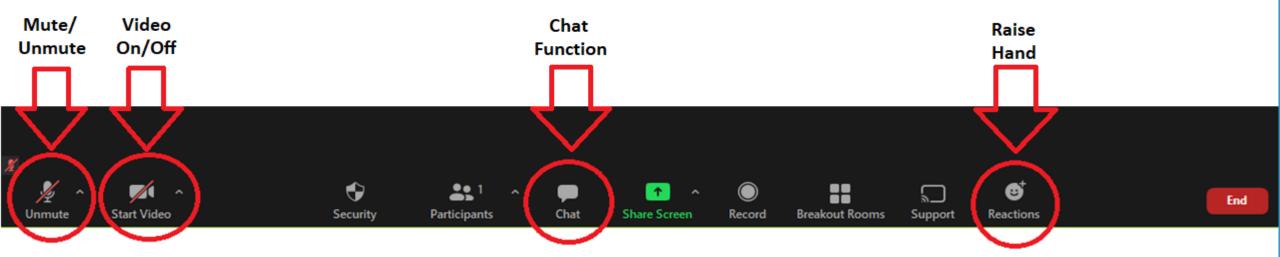
By participating in this clinic you are consenting to be recorded.

If you do not wish to be recorded, please email <u>behavioralhealth@anthc.org</u> at least one week prior to the ECHO Clinic you plan to attend.

Some Helpful Tips

- Please mute microphone when not speaking
- Use chat function
- Position webcam effectively
- Test both audio & video

Need technical assistance? Use the chat function or call 907-317-5209



ANTHC Clinical ECHO Series

Approved Provider Statements:



In support of improving patient care, Alaska Native Medical Center (ANMC) is jointly accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME), the Accreditation Council for Pharmacy Education (ACPE), and the American Nurses Credentialing Center (ANCC), to provide continuing education for the healthcare team.

Contact Hours:

ANMC designates this activity for a maximum of 25 contact hours, including 12 total pharmacotherapeutics contact hours, commensurate with participation.

Financial Disclosures:

None of the presenters and planners for this educational activity have any relevant relationship(s) to disclose with ineligible companies whose primary business is producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients.

Approved for 1 CHAP CE

Conflict of Interest Disclosures:

None of the presenters and planners for this educational activity have any relevant relationship(s) to disclose with ineligible companies whose primary business is producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients.

Requirements for Successful Completion:

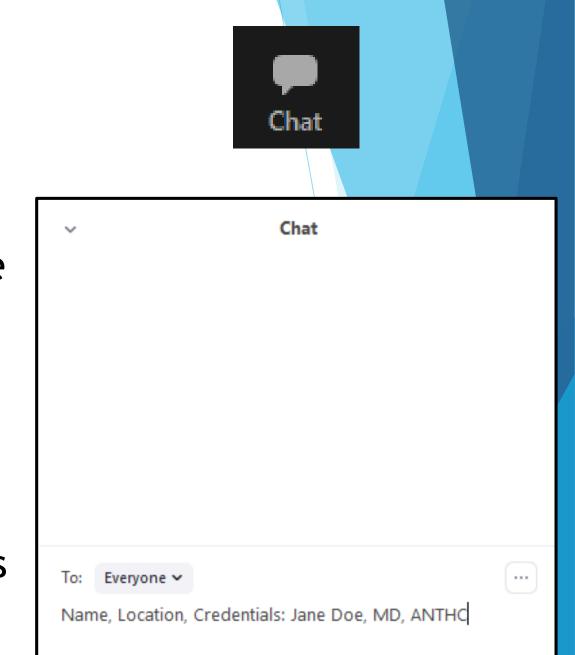
To receive CE credit be sure you are included in attendance record as directed by the facilitator/session moderator, and complete the course evaluation or post session survey via this link: https://forms.gle/QhwCeGTf4zLNwpBX7

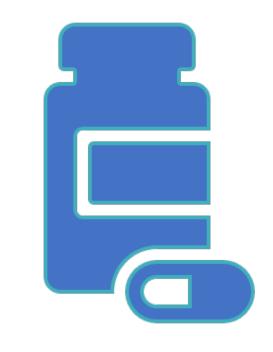
For more information contact Jennifer Fielder at <u>jlfielder@anthc.org</u> or (907) 729-1387

Introductions

Addiction Medicine ECHO

- Please introduce yourself in the chat :
 - Name
 - Location
 - Profession/Credentials
 - Note: The chat will be saved as our attendance record for continuing education credits.





Addiction Medicine ECHO Sarah Spencer DO, FASAM 5/12/22

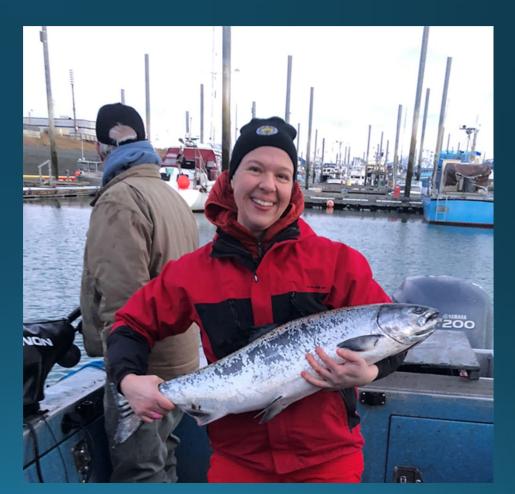
Substance Use Disorder Screening Tools

Financial Disclosures

I have no financial conflicts of interest to disclose

I am currently employed by the Ninilchik Traditional Council

I work as an addiction treatment consultant for the Opioid Response Network in Alaska and for other nonprofit agencies such as ANTHC.



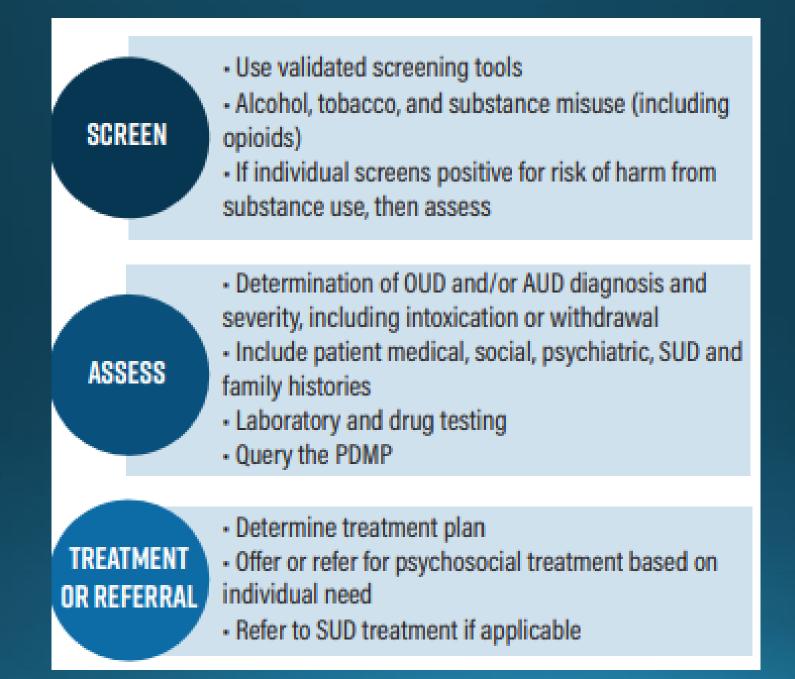
OBJECTIVES

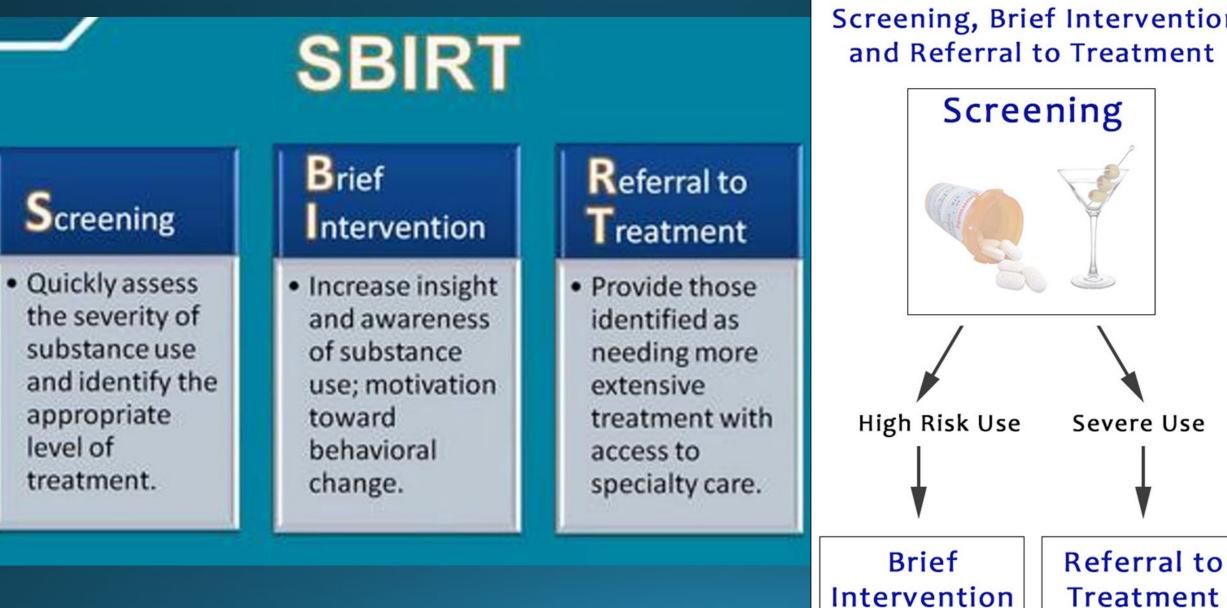
- Participants will have the ability to name two screening tools for substance use disorders.
- Participants will review the training and implementation resources for the screening tools presented.

Alcohol and Drug Screening

- Used for illnesses with high prevalence.
- Used for early detection for better outcomes.
- Screening tests should have high sensitivity.
- The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen adults aged 18 years or older for alcohol misuse and provide persons engaged in risky or hazardous drinking with brief behavioral counseling interventions to reduce alcohol misuse.
- Positive screening does *not* result in substance use disorder (SUD) diagnosis, but indicates importance of further evaluation.
- Universal, quick, non-judgmental tools/methods
- Detect risky or problematic use







SBIRT

Screening, Brief Intervention and Referral to Treatment

SBIRT Step by Step

4 Phases of SBIRT

Phase 1 ESTABLISH RAPPORT

ASSURE CONFIDENTIALITY AND ADMINISTER ASSESSMENTS

> Phase 2 ELICIT THOUGHTS - PROVIDE FEEDBACK

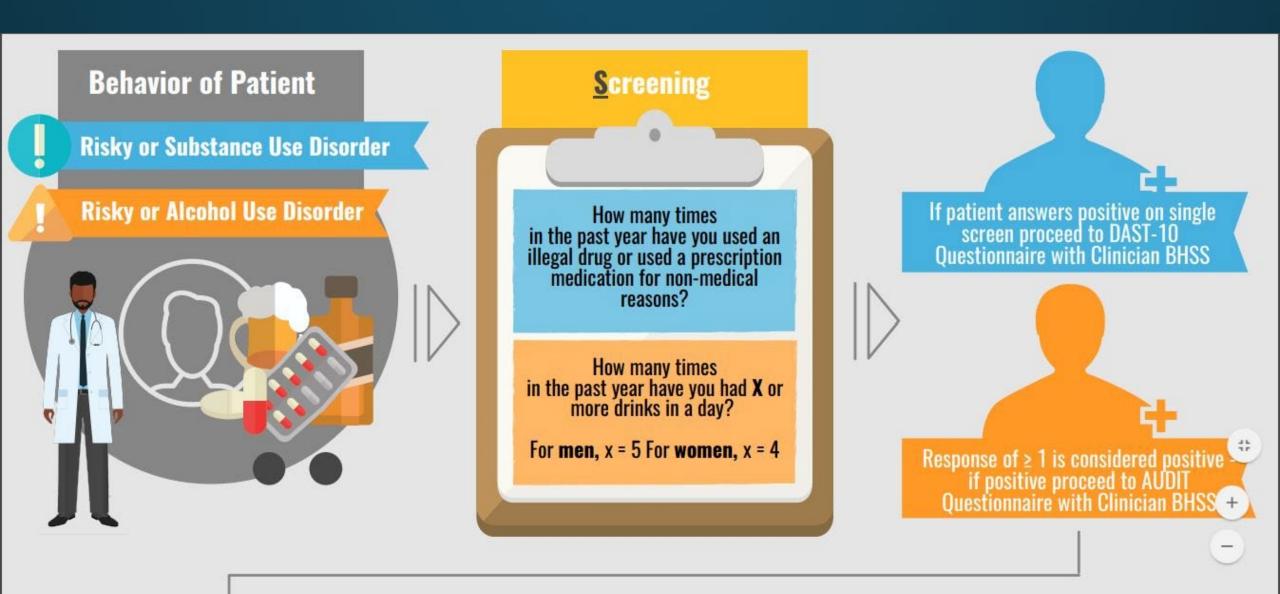
EXPLORE PROS AND CONS OF CHANGING, PROVIDE EDUCATION

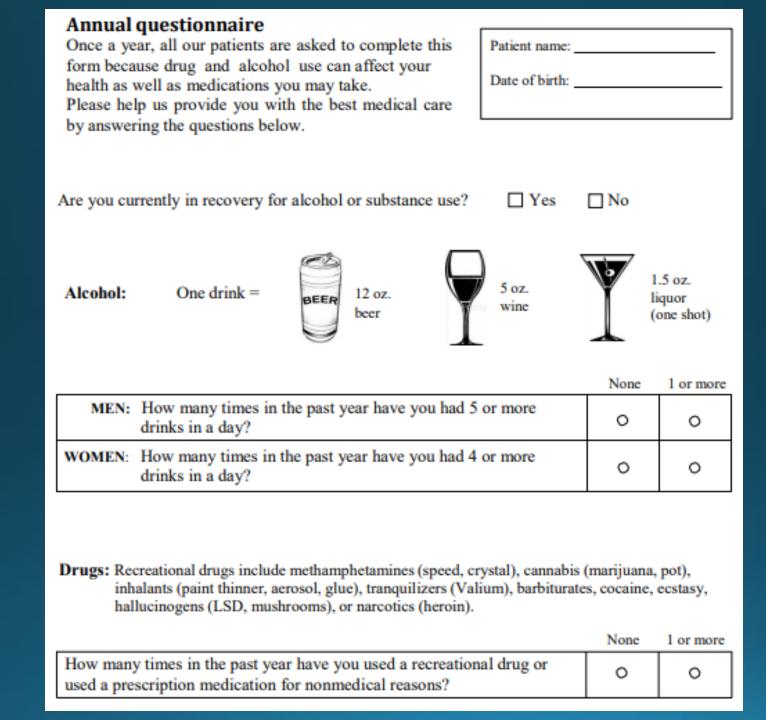
Phase 3 ENHANCE MOTIVATION

ASSESS READINESS TO CHANGE AND ENHANCE MOTIVATION

> Phase 4 NEGOTIATE A PLAN SUMMARIZE SESSION, INVITE THEM BACK

https://www.sbirt.care/tools.aspx





Alcohol screening questionnaire (AUDIT) Drinking alcohol can affect your health and some medications you may take. Please help us provide you with the best medical care by answering the questions below.

One drink equals:	eer	5 oz. wine	Y	1.5 oz. liquor (one sho	ot)
 How often do you have a drink containing alcohol? 	Never	Monthly or less	2 - 4 times a month	2 - 3 times a week	4 or more times a week
2. How many drinks containing alcohol do you have on a typical day when you are drinking?	0 - 2	3 or 4	5 or 6	7 - 9	10 or more
3. How often do you have five or more drinks on one occasion?	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or almost daily
4. How often during the last year have you found that you were not able to stop drinking once you had started?	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or almost daily
5. How often during the last year have you failed to do what was normally expected of you because of drinking?	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or almost daily
6. How often during the last year have you needed a first drink in the morning to get yourself going after a heavy drinking session?	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or almost daily
7. How often during the last year have you had a feeling of guilt or remorse after drinking?	Never	Less than monthly	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or almost daily

These questions refer to drug use in the past 12 months. Please answer No or Yes.

1. Have you used drugs other than those required for medical reasons?

No

No

Yes

2. Do you use more than one drug at a time?

Yes

Yes

Yes

3. Are you always able to stop using drugs when you want to?

No Yes

- 4. Have you had "blackouts" or "flashbacks" as a result of drug use?
- 5. Do you ever feel bad or guilty about your drug use?

7.

- 6. Does your spouse (or parents) ever complain about your involvement with drugs?
 - No

No

No

Have you neglected your family because of your use of drugs?

Yes

8. Have you engaged in illegal activities in order to obtain drugs?

No

9. Have you ever experienced withdrawal symptoms (felt sick) when you stopped taking drugs?

No

Yes

Yes

10. Have you had medical problems as a result of your drug use (e.g., memory loss, hepatitis, convulsions, bleeding, etc.)?

Drug Abuse Screening Test (DAST-10)

Interpretation of Score:

Degree of Problems Related to Drug Abuse	Suggested Action
No problems reported	None at this time
Low level	Monitor, reassess at a late
Moderate level	Further investigation
Substantial level	Intensive assessment
Severe level	Intensive assessment
	Low level Moderate level Substantial level

https://cde.drugabuse.gov/sites/nida_cde/files/Dr ugAbuseScreeningTest_2014Mar24.pdf

NIDA Drug Screening Tool NIDA-Modified ASSIST (NM ASSIST)

Clinician's Screening Tool for Drug Use in General Medical Settings*

In the past year, how often have you used the following?

Alcohol (For men, 5 or more drinks a day. For women, 4 or more drinks a day)

Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily		
Tobacco Products						
Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily		
Prescription Drugs for Non-Medical Reasons						
Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily		

https://archives.drugabuse.gov/nmassist/

Substance Involvement Score – Risk Level

- •Brief intervention (M-ASSIST Score 0-3)
 - Provide feedback on the screening results
 - •Reinforce moderation and/or abstinence
 - •Offer continuing support

Low

High

- •Brief treatment onsite or via referral (M-ASSIST Score 4-26)
- Provide feedback on the screening results
- Advise, assess, and assist
- Moderate •Consider referral based on clinical judgement
 - Offer continuing support
 - •Referral to specialty treatment (M-ASSIST Score > 27)
 - Provide feedback on the screening results
 - · Advise, assess, and assist
 - Arrange referral
 - Offer continuing support

LOW-RISK DRINKING LIMITS

Source: National Institutes of Health



No more than: 4 drinks per day AND no more than: 14 drinks per week



AGE 66+

No more than: **3 drinks per day** AND no more than: **7 drinks per week**

No more than: **3 drinks per day** AND no more than: **7 drinks per week**

WHAT COUNTS AS ONE DRINK?



One drink is: 12-ounce can of beer 5-ounce glass of wine A shot of hard liquor (1½ ounces)



Adapted from World Health Organization

1181

UMKC |SBIRT

Technology Transfer Center Network

*Women who are pregnant or breastfeeding should not drink.



Thinking About Change

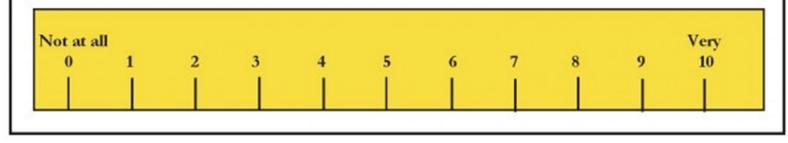
What change(s) are you considering?

How important is it that you make this change?

How confident are you that you are able to make this change?

How ready are you to make this change?

Readiness Ruler





Engage

Motivate

- Inquire about current patterns of substance use
- Determine patient perception of substance use
- Identify personal values and goals
- Discuss impact of substance use on goals
- Develop discrepancy between substance use and achieving goals
- Elicit the need and perceived ability to change



Plan

Motivate

- Plan
- Provide clear, specific, *personalized* feedback
- Include risks and consequences of use
- Express concern and recommend explicit changes
- Support patient self-determination and autonomy
- Tailor to patient's level of health literacy
- Emphasize confidence in ability to change
- Assure continued support throughout process
- Emphasize strengths & past successes
- Validate frustrations, but remain optimistic
- Reflect & Summarize

Engage

Prepare patient for next steps



Engage >> Motivate

Plan

- Make goals aligned with readiness to change
- Goals should be attainable, measurable, and timely
- Help anticipate potential challenges
- Change strategies as needed
- Avoid argumentation & defensiveness
- Recommend ideal, but accept less if patient resists
- Follow-up within 1 month
- Reinforce, reassess, and update plan
- Acknowledge efforts & experiences
- Offer continued support, despite progress
- Give self-help and guidance for social support



Referral to Treatment: Brief Intervention for a Patient in the Severe Zone

Risk Zone	IV-Severe
AUDIT Score	14+
DAST Score	6+
Description of Zone	"Could benefit from more
	assessment and assistance."

For a patient in the Severe zone, the aim of the brief intervention is to enhance the patient's motivation to accept a referral to treatment for an initial appointment/assessment.

Step 1 – Raise the Subject

If a patient scores in Zone 4, he/she is likely to have some "initial" awareness of consequences related to substance use as evidenced

- by the items marked on the AUDIT/DAST.
- Explain your role; ask permission to discuss alcohol/drug use screening forms
- Ask about alcohol/drug use patterns: "What does your alcohol/drug use look like in a typical week?"
- Ask about the patient's concerns about substance use: "I'm interested in finding out what concerns you have about your alcohol/drug use?"
- Listen carefully and provide reflections of change talk.

Step 2 – Provide Feedback

- Provide feedback on the AUDIT and/or DAST: "Your score on the screening form puts you in the Severe Zone. Individuals who score in that Zone are usually experiencing significant consequences related to their alcohol/drug use. They often benefit from more assessment and assistance (than I can offer)." Review low-risk drinking limits.
- Elicit the patient's reaction "What do you think about that?"
- Explore connection to health/social/work issues (patient education materials): "What connection might there be...?"

Step 3 – Enhance Motivation

- Provide a summary and express concern: "As we just talked about, your alcohol/drug use puts you in the Severe zone. I am concerned about how your alcohol/drug use may be impacting your health, and it sounds like you have some concerns too. I would like to [have you talk to our behavioral health specialist or refer you to a treatment program], to assess together what might be most helpful for you."
- Explore the patient's reaction to the information; listen closely and reflect.
- If the patient doesn't express "significant" concerns or seem interested in a referral, explore pros/cons: "What do you like about your alcohol/drug use? What don't you like?" then explore readiness "On a scale of o-10, how ready are you to make a change in your alcohol/drug use?" If readiness is greater than a 2: "Why that number and not a ______ (lower one)?"
- If the patient is somewhat open to referral, use the readiness ruler: "On a scale of o-10 how ready are you to consider seeing someone to talk more about your alcohol/drug use?" If readiness is greater than 2: "Why that number and not a _____ (lower one)?"
- Ask pros/cons of seeing someone for an assessment for treatment (ask about cons first, then pros).

Step 4 – Negotiate Plan

If not motivated for referral or to change substance use, stop, thank patient, offer patient education materials, negotiate follow-up visit.

If not motivated for referral but motivated to change substance use:

 Summarize the conversation (zone, pros/cons, readiness); ask question: "What steps would you be willing to take?"

- Explore patient's goal for change (offer options if needed); write down steps to achieve goal; assess confidence
- Negotiate follow-up visit; thank patient
- If interested in accepting the referral:

• Explore the patient's understanding of what "treatment" is, provide feedback to explain types of treatment and support,

and most importantly that treatment takes many forms. Elicit reactions: "Sounds like you are open to considering getting some help. I'm wondering what you know about the different types of treatment options?"

• <u>Use a warm handoff</u> and plan how to get help or support: "Would it be okay if we called right now to make you an appointment?" or "Can I call in my colleague to talk to you for a few minutes?"

If needed, assess for withdrawal risks and management

MOUD Patient Intake Screening

	Phone	Intak	e Que	stions
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Buprenorphine/Naloxone Maintenance Treatment Intake Questionnaire for Patient Treatment-Planning Questions

18 B.	 	

Date:

Please answer the following questions which will help us design your plan of treatment:

What is the best time of day and day of week for you for clinic visits?

Are there any months of the year when you may have difficulty making it in for appointments?

Is there any problem that makes it hard for you to give routine urine specimens?

Do you have any disabilities that make it hard for you to read labels or count pills?

What are your reasons for being interested in Buprenorphine/Naloxone treatment?

What "triggers" do you know which have put you in danger or relapse in the past or which might in the future?

https://30qkon2g8eif8wrj03zeh041-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wpcontent/uploads/2015/03/Sample-intake-questionnaire.pdf What coping methods have you developed to deal with these triggers to relapse?

What plans do you have for the coming year?

Work?_____

Home?

Other?

What kinds of help would you like from your counselor?

What are your strengths and skills to handle take-home Buprenorphine/Naloxone (Suboxone)?

What worries do you have about extended take homes?

Is anyone in your home actively addicted to drugs or alcohol?

What are the major sources of stress in your life?

What family or significant others will be supportive to you during your treatment?

Would you be willing to sign a release so that the person(s) identified above can be spoken to regarding your treatment?

Phone Intake Forms

PRIOR SUBSTANCE USE DISORDER TREATMENT HISTORY

Methadone:	11
Have you ever been on Methadone Maintenance?	Have you ever overdosed?
1 = Yes	1 = Yes
2 = No	2 = No
When and where were you on Methadone Maintenance?	Number of lifetime overdoses:
What was your dose?	Have you ever been hospitalized due to an overdose?
Why did you stop Methadone treatment?	1 = Yes
	2 = No
	Was naloxone administered?
	1 = Yes
	2 = No
Are you currently on Methadone Maintenance?	How many times have you overdosed in the past year?
□ 1 = Yes □ 2 = No	Was your most recent overdose an attempt to kill yourself?
What is your dose?	□ 1 = Yes
Where are you receiving services for your Methadone treatment?	2 = No
What is the name of your counselor at your Methadone clinic?	Do you have any history of any other addictive behaviors such as?
Buprenorphine/naloxone: Have you ever been prescribed buprenorphine/naloxone	1 = Gambling
(Suboxone, Zubsolv, etc.) before?	2 = Sex
🔲 1 = Yes	3 = Shopping
2 = No	4 = Eating disorder (overeating, bulimia, anorexia)
If yes, when were you on buprenorphine/naloxone?	5 = Other
What was your dose?	6 = No
Why did you stop taking buprenorphine/naloxone?	

SUBSTANCE USE HISTORY

	Age of initiation	Date of most recent use	Frequency	Route of administration	Amounts used
What is your substance of choice?	0 lf never used	1 = 12 or more months ago (specify date) 2 = 3–11 months ago 3 = 1–2 months ago 4 = 1–3 weeks ago 5 = used this week	1 = less than 1 per month 2 = 1-3 times per month 3 = 1-2 times per week 4 = 3-6 times per week 5 = daily	1 = oral 2 = smoking 3 = intranasal 4 = intravenous injection 5 = skin popping 6 = other	
Opioid: Heroin Fentanyl Oxycodone product Buprenorphine Methadone Other opioid					
Benzodiazepines					
Alcohol					
Cocaine					
Amphetamines, including methamphetamine					
Tobacco/nicotine					
Other					

What substances are you currently using at this time? Include age of first use, last use, route, frequency, and quantity.

2

8 = Benzodiazepines

9 = Tobacco/nicotine
 10 = Alcohol

11 = Amphetamines

12 = Other:

13 = Nothing

After support staff collects initial patient information to assess level of risk, urgency and appropriateness for treatment, the data gathered is reviewed with the medical provider to plan for appointment for medical assessment

Resources

SBIRT Screening Tools https://www.sbirt.care/tools.aspx

Buprenorphine Intake forms, COWS form https://www.bmcobat.org/resources/?category=4

Case Presentation

Project ECHO's goal is to protect patient privacy

To help Project ECHO accomplish that goal, please only display or say information that doesn't identify a patient or that cannot be linked to a patient.

References: For a complete list of protected information under HIPAA, please visit www.hipaa.com Thank you for joining us today. We appreciate your participation and hope to see you at the <u>NEXT ECHO Session:</u> May 26, 2022 from 12pm -1 PM

You will be receiving a follow up survey that we hope you will complete to help us improve. If you are requesting continuing education credits, you will be required to complete the survey to receive your CMEs.

